

Key Knowledge

Christians can show their beliefs at home and in church in many ways such as through music, worship and by being part of a community.

At home, they might display artefacts such as a cross to help show their beliefs. They might also participate in family prayer or share Bible stories.

Christians can also show their beliefs at church. They might attend services at different times throughout the week or attend study classes or groups. Some Christians also participate in community outreach projects based at their church.

Music and singing are very important parts of worship for Christians. Christians believe that singing helps them communicate with God. It enables them to express many emotions including thanks, joy and sorrow. Many Churches have choirs who lead the congregation in song.

Many Christians also take part in the ritual of Holy Communion or Eucharist. The Last Supper was Jesus' last meal before he died and he shared two signs with his followers: Bread as a symbol for his body and wine as a symbol for his blood. During Holy Communion, Christians share blessed bread and wine/grape juice in church.

Standing up against injustice is important to many Christians today as it has been in the past. Christians such as Rosa Parks and Dr Martin Luther King have played an important role in fighting inequality.

Key images



Possible experiences

Interview Christians about their weekly routines.

Taste the bread and juice shared during Holy Communion.

Enfield SACRE Statutory requirements

- A1 – Describe and make connections between different features of the religious and non-religious worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance.
- A2 – Describe and understand links between stories and other aspects of the communities they are investigating, responding thoughtfully to a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings that arise from them in different communities.
- B2 – Understand the challenges of commitment to a community of faith or belief, suggesting why belonging to a community may be valuable, both in the diverse communities being studied and in their own lives.
- C2 – Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse communities can live together for the wellbeing of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about community, values and respect.

Prior learning

- Through EYFS and KS1, children will have learnt about Christianity and the main beliefs of Christians.
- They will have learnt about the Church, Jesus, God and will have heard some stories from the Bible. They will also have an understanding of Easter.

Key vocabulary

Spelling	Definition
Worship	To honour or show appreciation for God.
Community	A group of people who have things in common.
Artefacts	A man-made object.
Joy	A feeling of great happiness.
Congregation	A group of people meeting together for religious worship.
Communion	Togetherness.
Inequality	Not being treated equally or fairly.

Possible deeper thinking questions

Can Christians show their faith without regularly attending church services?

How can religion help to fight against inequality?