



### Statutory Requirements

Pupils should develop knowledge about the world, the United Kingdom and their locality.

Children will learn to:

- **Name and locate** the world’s seven continents and five oceans
- **Use world maps, atlases and globes** to identify the continents, as well as countries and oceans studied at this key stage
- **Use simple compass directions** (North, South, East and West)

### Key Vocabulary

Spelling	Definition
<b>Continent</b>	A continent is a huge area of land.
<b>Ocean</b>	A large area of saline (salty) water
<b>Equator</b>	The imaginary line that circles around the Earth splitting it into two parts (North and South)
<b>Magma</b>	Hot, liquid, rock.
<b>Enclosed</b>	Surrounded by something
<b>Seas</b>	Smaller, enclosed or partly enclosed areas of saline water
<b>Connected</b>	Joined
<b>Ports</b>	Places where ships load and unload
<b>Marine species</b>	Plants and animals found in oceans and seas
<b>Natural resources</b>	Anything found in nature that can be used by people. E.g water, coal, oil, land.
<b>Climate change</b>	The gradual rise of the Earth’s usual temperature
<b>Inhabitants</b>	The people who live in a place

### Key Knowledge

What are continents?  
There are 7 continents on Earth: **Europe, Asia, Australasia, Africa, Antarctica, North America, South America**

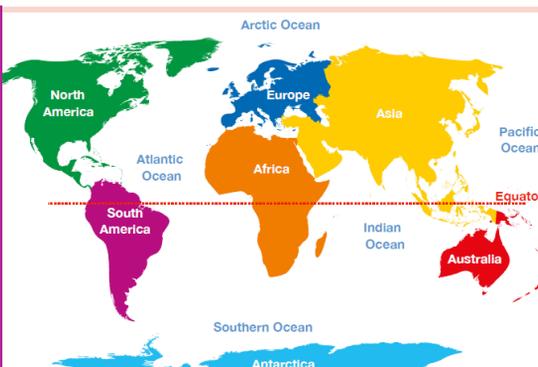
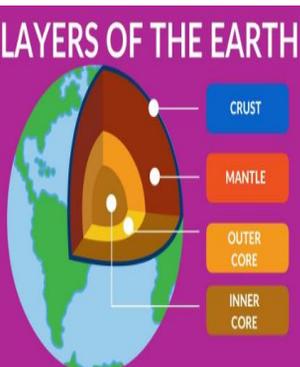
What are the 5 oceans?  
There are 5 oceans:

- Arctic
- Pacific
- Indian
- Southern
- Atlantic

What is the Earth?  

- The Earth is the planet we live on.
- It has a core, mantle and crust.
- The crust is the rock that covers the surface of the Earth.
- Below the crust is the mantle which is made of a hot liquid called magma.

### Diagrams and Symbols



- The biggest continent is Asia and the biggest ocean is the Pacific.
- Oceans are made up of saline (salty) water and cover three quarters of the Earth’s surface.
- Oceans contain hundreds of thousands of species.
- The closest seas to the UK are the North Sea, Irish Sea and the English Channel.